



Mathematics: Algebra 2 Draft

In Algebra 2, instructional time should focus on four critical areas:

Area 1- Real Number System

- a. Extend the properties of exponents to rational exponents.

Area 2- Structure in Expressions

- a. Interpret the structure of expressions and write expressions in equivalent forms to solve problems.

Area 3- Polynomials and Rational Expressions

- a. Understand the relationship between zeros and factors of polynomials

Area 4- Reasoning with Equations and Inequalities

- a. Understand solving equations as a process of reasoning and explain the reasoning. Represent and solve equations and inequalities graphically.

Area 5- Interpreting and Building Functions

- a. Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms of the context. Build functions that model a relationship between two quantities.

The clusters of Algebra 2 that belong to the Major Work of the grade are:

- a. N-RN.A.1, N-RN.A.2
- b. A-SSE.A.2, B.3, B.4
- c. A-APR.B.2, B.3
- d. A-REI.A.1, A.2, D.11
- e. F-IF-B.4, B.6, A.1, A.2

COMMON CORE SHIFTS FOR
MATHEMATICS



- 1 **Focus** strongly where the Standards focus
- 2 **Coherence:** **Think** across grades, and link to major topics within grades
- 3 **Rigor:** In major topics, pursue with equal intensity: **conceptual understanding**, procedural skill and **fluency**, and **application**

Web links for Great Resources

All links listed below have been used to find the additional resources and formative assessments as listed in the blueprints. If you need additional, then you may use the links listed below to find more.

<https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/> - A website giving tasks aligned directly to the standards. Search by grade level, then standard.

<http://map.mathshell.org> - A website that gives lessons, mini tasks, and assessments aligned to clusters of standards. Great for finding lessons to create coherence.

www.engageny.org - A website with modules and lessons designed to teach the 3 math shifts with the math practice standards as aligned to the new math standards.

<https://www.georgiastandards.org/Pages/default.aspx> - A website that has units for each grade level and course with projects and Dan Meyers 3 act tasks aligned to the new math standards.



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The **Mathematical Practice Standards** describe the expertise that mathematics teachers should develop in their students. Teachers should consciously plan for aligned instruction with 1-2 practice standards embedded in each lesson.

Student Friendly Mathematical Practice Statements
<p>MP.1.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Make a plan!• Try different approaches when your problem is hard.• Solve your problem in more than one way.• Check whether your solution makes sense.
<p>MP.2.1 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Explain the meanings of the numbers, words, pictures, symbols, and objects you and others use.
<p>MP.3.1 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Explain both what to do and why it works.• Work to make sense of others' mathematical thinking.
<p>MP.4.1 Model with mathematics.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Apply math to real-world situations.• Use models such as graphs, drawings, tables, symbols, numbers, and diagrams to solve problems.
<p>MP.5.1 Use appropriate tools strategically.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Choose appropriate tools for your problem.• Use mathematical tools correctly and efficiently.• Estimate and use what you know to check the answers you find using tools.
<p>MP.6.1 Attend to precision.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Communicate your mathematical thinking clearly and precisely.• Use the level of precision you need for your problem.• Be accurate when you count, measure, and calculate.
<p>MP.7.1 Look for and make use of structure.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Find, extend, analyze, and create patterns.• Use patterns and structures to solve problems.
<p>MP.8.1 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use patterns and structures to create and explain rules and shortcuts.• Use properties, rules, and shortcuts to solve problems.• Reflect on your thinking before, during, and after you solve a problem.



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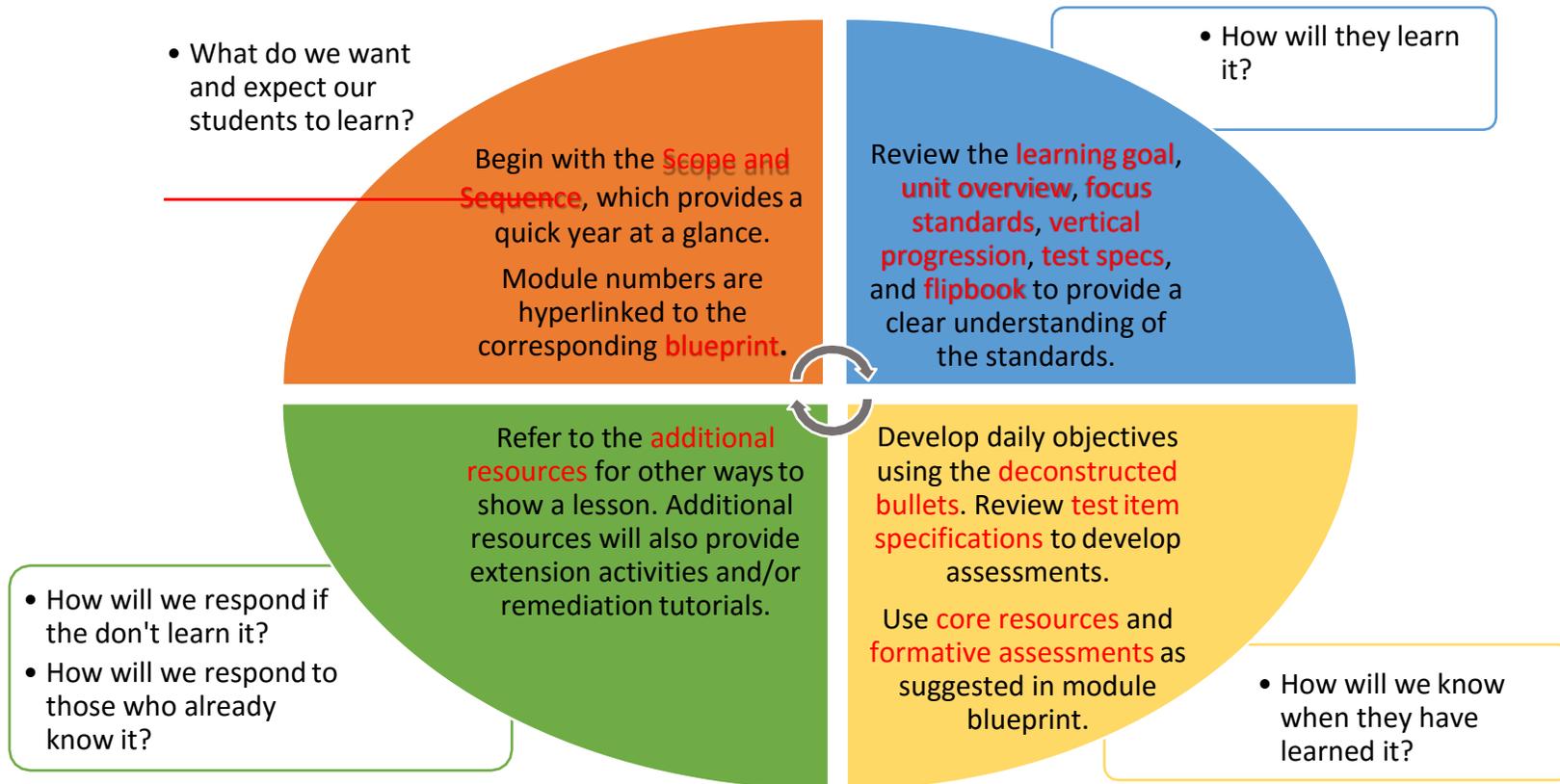
In order for students to be College and Career ready and prepared with 21st Century skills, it is important for them to have multiple opportunities to speak, listen, read, and write across content. The following are the speaking and listening standards as well as the reading and writing standards that should be integrated into the math curriculum.

Speaking and Listening	Reading			
<p>LAFS.910.SL.1.1: Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas. b. Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, and presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed. c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions. d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented. <p>LAFS.910.SL.1.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.</p> <p>LAFS.910.SL.1.3 Evaluate a speaker’s point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence.</p> <p>LAFS.910.SL.2.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.</p>	<p>LAFS.910.RST.1.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.</p> <p>LAFS.910.RST.2.4 Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9–10 texts and topics.</p> <p>LAFS.910.RST.3.7 Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.</p> <tr> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Writing</th> </tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <p>LAFS.68.WHST.1.1 Write arguments focused on <i>discipline-specific content</i>.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among the claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline-appropriate form and in a manner that anticipates the audience’s knowledge level and concerns. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented. <p>LAFS.910.WHST.2.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>LAFS.910.WHST.3.9 Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p> </td>	Writing		<p>LAFS.68.WHST.1.1 Write arguments focused on <i>discipline-specific content</i>.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among the claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline-appropriate form and in a manner that anticipates the audience’s knowledge level and concerns. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented. <p>LAFS.910.WHST.2.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>LAFS.910.WHST.3.9 Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p>
Writing				
English Language Development				
<p>ELD.K12.ELL.MA.1 English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.</p> <p>ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting.</p>				



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The following flow map provides the sequence for using the curriculum documents as you plan for aligned instruction. It is **recommended that as your teams plan collaboratively, you begin by looking at the big picture of the unit.** Once you have the big picture of the unit, you will want to use the unit sequence/textbook correlation to plan your daily lessons and objectives, always reflecting on alignment of the standards.





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Each Unit correlates with a Unit in the adopted text book for the course. A date range has been given for each Unit. The date range has an extra day or two to allow for assessing the students. Holidays and teacher work days were accounted for when date ranges were determined. Please pay attention to date ranges that have Midterm Exams at the end. There is a week for FSA/EOC review before the testing window opens up. This week can be used to finish teaching if you get behind.

The adopted resources for Algebra 1, Geometry and Algebra 2 have assessments for each Module and each Unit. This allows teachers to assess students twice on material through a Module Assessment and a final Unit Assessment if they so choose to.

	Week 1		Week 2 and Week 3		Week 4 – Week 6			Week 7 - 9		October 17 – October 31	
Units	Unit 1 Equation Inequalities		Unit 2 Functions and Graphs		Unit 3 Quadratic Functions			Unit 4 Polynomials		Unit 5 Radical Functions, Expressions, and Equations	
Module Name	Expressions	Equations, and Inequalities	Linear Functions	Functions, Absolute Functions	Quadratic Graphs	Quadratic Expressions, Equations	Complex Numbers	Polynomial Functions and Properties	Polynomial Equations	Radical Functions	Radical Expressions and Equations
Focus Standards	A-CED.1.2 A-CED.1.3	A-CED.1.1 A-CED.1.4	F-IF.1.1 F-IF.1.2 A-CED.1.2 F-IF.2.4 F-IF.2.5 F-IF.2.6 F-IF.3.8 F-IF.3.9 F-LE.2.5	F-BF.2.3 F-IF.3.7B A-CED.1.2	F-BF.2.3 F-BF.2.5 A-CED.1.1 A-CED.1.2 F-IF.2.4 F-IF.2.6 F-IF.3.8 F-IF.3.9	A-SSE.1.2 A-CED.1.1 A-CED.1.3 A-SEE.1.1A A-APR.2.3 A-SSE.2.3A A-REI.2.4B A-REI.3.7 A-REI.4.11	N-CN.1.1 N-CN.1.2 N-CN.3.7 N-CN.3.8	F-IF.3.7C A-SSE.1.1A A-APR.2.3 N-CN.3.7 N-CN.3.8 A-APR.3.5	A-REI.4.11 A-SSE.1.2 A-APR.2.2 A-APR.1.1 A-APR.4.6 F-IF.2.5 F-IF.2.4 F-IF.2.6 F-BF.2.3	F-BF.1.1B F-BF.1.1C F-BF.2.4a F-BF.2.4C F-IF.3.7b F-IF.3.8	A-CED.1.1 A-CED.1.4 A-REI.1.1 A-REI.1.2 A-SSE.1.1 A-SSE.1.2 F-IF.3.7b N-RN.1.1 N-RN.1.2
Math Practice Standards	MP 1 MP.2 MP.4 MP.6	MP 1 MP 2 MP 3 MP 4 MP 5	MP.1 MP.3 MP.4 MP.7	MP.1 MP.3 MP.4 MP.5 MP.7	MP.1 MP.2 MP.3 MP.4 MP.7	MP.1 MP.2 MP.3 MP.4 MP.5 MP.8	MP 1 MP 2 MP 3 MP 4	MP 1 MP 2 MP 3 MP 4 MP 5 MP 8	MP 1 MP 2 MP 3 MP 5 MP 6 MP 7	MP 1 MP 2 MP 3 MP 4 MP 5	MP 1 MP 2 MP 3 MP 4 MP.6 MP.7 MP.8



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	November 1 – December 20 (Date Range Includes Midterm Exams)				March 26 – May 24		
Units	Unit 6 Exponential and Logarithmic Functions and Equations				Unit 7 Rational Functions and Equations		
Module Name	Exponential Models	Exponential Functions	Logarithmic Functions	Logarithmic Properties and Exponential Equations	Rational Graphs	Rational Expressions	Solving Rationals
Focus Standards	F-IF.3.7E A-SSE.1.1B A-CED.1.2 F-IF.3.8	S-SSE.2.3 F-BF.2.3 F-IF.3.7e F-IF.3.8 F-LE.1.2 A-REI.4.11	A-CED.1.2 F-BF.2.3 F-BF.2.5 F-IF.1.2 F-IF.2.4 F-IF.3.7e	F-IF.3.7e F-IF.3.8 F-BF.1.1B A-CED.1.2 A-REI.4.11 A.SSE.A.1B F-LE.1.4 F-BF.2.a	F-BF.2.3 A-CED.1.2 APR.1.1 F-IF.3.7D F-BF.1.1B	A-SSE.1.2 A-SSE.1.1B A-SSE.A.1A A-APR.4.7	A-APR.4.7 A-APR.4.6 A-CED.A.1 A-REI.4.11
Math Practice Standards	MP 1 MP 2 MP 3 MP 4 MP 5	MP.1.1 MP.4.1	MP.1 MP 2 MP 3 MP 4 MP 5	MP 1 MP 2 MP 3 MP 4 MP 5 MP 7	MP 1 MP 2 MP 3 MP 4 MP 5	MP 1 MP 2 MP 3 MP 4	MP 1 MP 2 MP 3 MP 4 MP 5